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February 23, 2005

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS

Name of Case: Worker Appeal

Date of Filing: August 17, 2004

Case No.: TIA-0164

XXXXXXXX (the Applicant) applied to the Department Energy (DOE) Office of Worker Advocacy (OWA) DOE assistance in filing for state workers' benefits for her late father (the Worker). The OWA referred the application Panel), independent Physician Panel (the determined that the Worker's illness was not related to his at the DOE. The OWA accepted the Panel's determination, and the Applicant filed an Appeal with the DOE's Office of Hearings and Appeals (OHA), challenging the determination. explained below, Panel's As concluded that the Appeal should be dismissed as moot.

I. Background

A. The Relevant Statute and Regulations

Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 as amended (the Act) concerns workers involved in various ways with the nation's atomic weapons program. See 42 U.S.C. §§ 7384, 7385. As originally enacted, the Act provided for two programs. Subpart B established a Department of Labor (DOL) program providing federal compensation for certain illnesses. See 20 C.F.R. Part 30. Subpart D established a DOE assistance program for DOE contractor employees filing for state workers' benefits. program, compensation Under the DOE independent physician panel assessed whether a claimed illness or death arose out of and in the course of the worker's employment, and exposure to a toxic substance, at 42 U.S.C. § 7385o(d)(3); 10 C.F.R. Part a DOE facility. 852 (the Physician Panel Rule). The OWA was responsible

for this program, and its web site provides extensive information concerning the program.

The Physician Panel Rule provided for an appeal process. An applicant could appeal a decision by the OWA not to submit an application to a Physician Panel, a negative determination by a Physician Panel that was accepted by the OWA, and a final decision by the OWA not to accept a Physician Panel determination in favor of an applicant. The instant appeal was filed pursuant to that Section. The Applicant sought review of a negative determination by a Physician Panel that was accepted by the OWA. 10 C.F.R. § 852.18(a)(2).

While the Applicant's appeal was pending, Congress repealed Subpart D. Ronald W. Reagan Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (October 28, 2004). Congress added a new subpart to the Act, Subpart E, which establishes a DOL workers' compensation program for DOE contractor employees. Under Subpart E, all Subpart D claims will be considered as Subpart E claims. OHA continues to process appeals until DOL commences Subpart E administration.

B. Procedural Background

The Worker was employed as a carpenter and construction worker at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant (the plant).

The Applicant filed an application with the OWA, requesting that a physician panel review the Worker's stomach cancer. The Applicant asserts that this illness was due to exposure to toxic and hazardous materials at the site. The Physician Panel rendered a negative determination which the OWA accepted. Subsequently, the Applicant filed the instant appeal.

In her appeal, the Applicant claims that the Worker's illness was caused by exposure to toxic substances at the plant. She asserts that contrary to the physician panel report and "based on site information, radiation sources and asbestos were present in many work areas" during the time period of her father's employment. The Applicant also argues that the compensation which she received from the

¹Applicant's Appeal Letter.

DOL program is evidence that her father contracted stomach cancer as a result of working at a DOE facility.

II. Analysis

Under the Physician Panel Rule, independent physicians rendered an opinion whether a claimed illness was related to exposure to toxic substances during employment at a DOE facility. The Rule required that the Panel address each claimed illness, make a finding whether that illness was related to toxic exposure at the DOE site, and state the basis for that finding. 10 C.F.R. § 852.12.

The Applicant's positive DOL Subpart B determination satisfies the Subpart E requirement that the illness be related to toxic exposure during employment at DOE. Accordingly, Subpart E has rendered moot the physician panel determination and consideration of any challenge to the Panel report is not necessary.

As the foregoing indicates, the appeal should be dismissed as moot. In compliance with Subpart E, the claim will be transferred to the DOL for review. The DOL is in the process of developing procedures for evaluating and issuing decisions on these claims. OHA's dismissal of this claim does not purport to dispose of or in any way prejudice the DOL's review of the claim under Subpart E.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

- (1) The Appeal filed in Worker Advocacy Case No. TIA-0164 be, and hereby is, dismissed.
- (2) This dismissal pertains only to the DOE claim and not to the DOL's review of this claim under Subpart E.
- (3) This is a final order of the Department of Energy.

George B. Breznay Director Office of Hearings and Appeals

Date: February 23, 2005